

OKLAHOMA STATE SENATE
CONFERENCE
COMMITTEE REPORT

2ND

May 27, 2025

Mr. President

Mr. Speaker

The Conference Committee, to which was referred

SB632

By: Paxton of the Senate and Hilbert of the House

Title: Business courts, creating business court divisions in certain judicial districts; providing for appointment of business court judges, specifying authority and jurisdiction of business court Effective date.

together with Engrossed House Amendments thereto, beg leave to report that we have had the same under consideration and herewith return the same with the following recommendations:

- 1 That the House recede from all Amendments.
- 2 That the attached Conference Committee Substitute (Request #2166) be adopted.

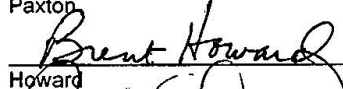
Respectfully submitted,

SENATE CONFEREES:



Paxton

Rader



Howard

Rosino



Daniels

Pugh

Kirt

HOUSE CONFEREES:

Conference Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety Oversight

Senate Action _____ Date _____ House Action _____ Date _____

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR ENGROSSED

SENATE BILL NO. 632

By: Paxton of the Senate

and

Hilbert and Duel of the
House

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

An Act relating to business courts; amending 20 O.S. 2021, Sections 91.7, 92.1A, 95.1, and 125, as amended by Section 2, Chapter 271, O.S.L. 2022 (20 O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 125), which relate to business court divisions, salaries, places of holding court, and office of secretary-bailiff; modifying certain legislative findings; creating business court divisions in certain judicial districts; authorizing promulgation of rules and procedures; specifying location of business court divisions; requiring certain consultation for determining quarters for business court divisions; clarifying proper venue; providing for salary of judge of business court; providing exception for location of holding court; authorizing secretary-bailiff for business court judges; authorizing appointment of law clerk by business court judges; updating statutory language; updating statutory reference; providing for appointment of business court judges by Governor; requiring Senate confirmation; requiring Speaker of the House of Representatives to provide certain lists; establishing qualifications for appointment of business court judges; specifying terms; authorizing reappointment; requiring taking and filing of certain oath; specifying method of filling vacancies; authorizing temporary designation as business court judge under certain circumstances; specifying authority and jurisdiction of business court; specifying amount in controversy jurisdiction;

1 establishing subject matter jurisdiction of business
2 court; defining term; specifying types of claims
3 determined to be complex claims; providing for
4 supplemental jurisdiction over certain claims;
5 prohibiting exercise of jurisdiction over certain
6 claims; prohibiting filing, transferring, or removing
7 actions to business court prior to certain date;
8 providing for filing with or transferring actions to
9 business court; clarifying proper venue; requiring
10 transfer from business court upon certain
11 determinations; authorizing removal of certain
12 actions; establishing procedures for notice of
13 removal; stating applicability of Oklahoma Pleading
14 Code; establishing requirements for jury trials in
15 business court; establishing time limitation for
16 disposition of non-jury trials; authorizing extension
17 upon agreement of parties; requiring Supreme Court to
18 promulgate rules for electronic filing; establishing
19 filing fees; providing for codification; and
20 providing an effective date.

21
22
23 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

24 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 20 O.S. 2021, Section 91.7, is
amended to read as follows:

Section 91.7. A. The ~~Oklahoma~~ Legislature finds that, due to
the complex nature of litigation involving highly technical
commercial issues, there is a need for ~~a court~~ specialized courts in
~~Oklahoma's most populated counties~~ Oklahoma with specific
jurisdiction over actions involving such ~~commercial~~ business issues.

B. ~~The Supreme Court is authorized to create~~ There is hereby
created a business court division within the district court of any
judicial district containing a ~~municipality~~ county with a population

1 in excess of ~~three hundred thousand (300,000)~~ five hundred thousand
2 (500,000), according to the latest Federal Decennial Census.

3 C. ~~The Supreme Court shall promulgate rules for the~~
4 ~~establishment and jurisdiction of the~~ Each business court divisions
5 division created shall be categorized and named numerically. The
6 Supreme Court shall promulgate rules for the implementation and
7 administration of the business courts to the extent required by
8 Article VII of the Oklahoma Constitution. Additional rules and
9 procedures shall be promulgated by the judges of the business court
10 divisions. Business Court Division I shall be located in Oklahoma
11 County and quartered in Oklahoma City; Business Court Division II
12 shall be located in Tulsa County and quartered in Tulsa. Both
13 business court divisions shall be quartered in a location as
14 determined by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court in consultation
15 with any state officials or private parties needed to secure
16 appropriate court and office space. Proper venue for the respective
17 divisions shall be set forth in Section 7 of this act.

18 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 20 O.S. 2021, Section 92.1A, is
19 amended to read as follows:

20 Section 92.1A. For fiscal year 2021 and each fiscal year
21 thereafter, except as otherwise provided by the Board on Judicial
22 Compensation after ~~the effective date of this act~~ April 28, 2021,
23 the following judicial officers shall receive compensation for their
24 services, payable monthly as follows:

1 1. A judge of the district court shall receive an annual salary
2 of One Hundred Forty-five Thousand Five Hundred Sixty-seven Dollars
3 (\$145,567.00);

4 2. An associate district judge shall receive an annual salary
5 of One Hundred Thirty-four Thousand Two Hundred Sixty-one Dollars
6 (\$134,261.00); ~~and~~

7 3. A special judge shall receive an annual salary of One
8 Hundred Twenty-two Thousand Nine Hundred Fifty-four Dollars
9 (\$122,954.00); and

10 4. A business court judge shall receive an annual salary equal
11 to that of an associate justice of the Supreme Court.

12 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 20 O.S. 2021, Section 95.1, is
13 amended to read as follows:

14 Section 95.1. A. Unless and until the Supreme Court or the
15 ~~Presiding Judge~~ presiding judge of the judicial administrative
16 district provides otherwise, and excluding any business courts
17 established pursuant to Section 91.7 of this title, the ~~District~~
18 ~~Court~~ district court shall hold court in the county seat of every
19 county in the district, in any city where a ~~Superior Court~~ superior
20 court held sessions and at such other places within the district as
21 the district and associate district judges shall prescribe.

22 B. If a governing board of the ~~Court Fund~~ court fund receives a
23 request from a municipality that court be held within that
24 municipality and the board determines that sufficient reasons exist

1 for establishing a court and that sufficient funds and space for a
2 court are made available by the municipality, the board may
3 establish a court, presided over by a special judge, in that
4 municipality. The request to hold court in a municipality shall be
5 included in the budget submitted by the governing board of the ~~Court~~
6 ~~Fund~~ court fund to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and
7 approved by the Chief Justice.

8 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 20 O.S. 2021, Section 125, as
9 amended by Section 2, Chapter 271, O.S.L. 2022 (20 O.S. Supp. 2024,
10 Section 125), is amended to read as follows:

11 Section 125. A. In all counties of the state there is created
12 the office of secretary-bailiff for district judges and associate
13 district judges, and a secretary-bailiff for business court judges,
14 with each such secretary-bailiff to be appointed by order of the
15 district judge, ~~or~~ associate district judge, or business court judge
16 to serve at the will of the appointing judge ~~as an unclassified~~
17 ~~employee of the state exempt from the provisions of the Oklahoma~~
18 ~~Merit System of Personnel Administration.~~ The Chief Justice of the
19 Supreme Court shall approve by administrative directive the number
20 and assignments of secretary-bailiffs in all counties of the state.
21 Each secretary-bailiff shall be paid a salary pursuant to the salary
22 schedule established by the annual appropriation for the district
23 courts and in accordance with the job description for the position
24 to which appointed. For fiscal year 2023 and each fiscal year

1 thereafter, each secretary-bailiff shall receive an annual salary of
2 Forty-two Thousand Dollars (\$42,000.00). In each business court
3 division, the business court judge may appoint a law clerk, who
4 shall be an attorney licensed or eligible to become licensed to
5 practice law in this state, to serve at the will of the appointing
6 judge with an annual salary to be set by the Chief Justice. In
7 every county of the state each district judge and each associate
8 district judge, including business court judges in counties with a
9 business court division, may by order appoint additional necessary
10 court personnel subject to the approval of the Chief Justice. A
11 part-time bailiff shall be paid out of the court fund of the county
12 where appointed at the rate set by administrative directive for each
13 hour that such person actually attends the court and performs
14 services, or a pro rata fraction thereof for less than an hour of
15 service. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each district
16 judge and associate district judge may contract with the sheriff of
17 the county to allow a deputy sheriff to provide bailiff service to
18 the court.

19 B. With the approval of the presiding judge, a special judge
20 may appoint a secretary-bailiff or other personnel in accordance
21 with the administrative order of the Chief Justice.

22 C. No judge shall engage more than one full-time secretary-
23 bailiff at any given time except only during the progress of a jury
24 trial, when a part-time bailiff may be engaged subject to the

1 approval of the Chief Justice. In the latter event, no more than
2 one additional bailiff shall be engaged to take charge of the jury.
3 The costs of meals and lodging of bailiffs ordered to keep a jury
4 together during the process of a trial or after the jury retires for
5 deliberation shall be lawfully paid from the court fund.

6 D. A district judge who sits regularly in more than one county
7 may employ only one full-time secretary-bailiff in the judicial
8 district of the judge, and in any other county of the district the
9 judge may engage a bailiff only on a part-time basis when such judge
10 sits in the county as a judge pursuant to the procedures set forth
11 by the Chief Justice in the administrative directive. The cost of
12 the operation of the office of a district judge of a multi-county
13 judicial district, including the purchase of equipment and supplies,
14 may be apportioned among the counties of that judicial district, or
15 appropriate division of that district, based upon the percentage of
16 revenue collected by the courts of the district.

17 E. The Administrative Director of the Courts shall develop and
18 promulgate job descriptions, salary schedules and time-keeping forms
19 for part-time bailiff personnel. The Chief Justice of the ~~Oklahoma~~
20 Supreme Court, through the Office of the Administrative Director of
21 the Courts, shall promulgate rules for the compensation for overtime
22 for all secretary-bailiff and part-time bailiff personnel employed.

23 F. Persons employed by a county that does not meet the
24 requirements of Section 951 of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes,

1 and who serve as full-time secretary-bailiffs or full-time bailiffs
2 shall be eligible to participate in the state retirement system and
3 state insurance programs and any other benefits as are provided to
4 state employees in the unclassified service. All part-time bailiff
5 personnel shall be compensated by the local court fund.

6 G. On October 1, 1989, the position of full-time bailiff shall
7 be redesignated as the position of secretary-bailiff in accordance
8 with the job descriptions, salary schedules, and procedures approved
9 by the Chief Justice. Additional secretary-bailiff positions shall
10 be created as funding and employee positions are available.

11 Counties shall be allowed to provide additional support personnel to
12 the judges sitting in such counties to the extent that funding is
13 available.

14 H. Any secretary-bailiff⁷ who is ~~CLEET-certified~~ certified by
15 the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training (CLEET) as a
16 basic peace officer⁷ shall have and exercise all the powers and
17 authority of a peace officer. The Office of the Administrative
18 Director of the Courts shall promulgate rules which prescribe the
19 duties for all CLEET-certified secretary-bailiffs. The provisions
20 of this subsection will not entitle a CLEET-certified secretary-
21 bailiff to participate in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
22 System.

1 SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified

2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 91.7b of Title 20, unless there
3 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 A. 1. Each business court shall consist of one business court
5 judge to be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of
6 the Senate. If the Legislature is not in regular session when an
7 appointment is made, the appointee shall assume the office on an
8 interim basis until the Senate takes final action to either confirm
9 or reject the appointee. The Governor shall choose an appointee for
10 any vacancy from a list of three candidates provided by the Speaker
11 of the House of Representatives. If the Governor rejects all three
12 candidates, the Governor may request a subsequent list of candidates
13 from the Speaker. The Speaker shall provide such subsequent list to
14 the Governor within forty (40) days of the request. If such
15 subsequent list is not provided, the Governor may appoint any person
16 who meets the qualifications set forth in paragraph 2 of this
17 subsection.

18 2. To be eligible for appointment, a business court judge shall
19 be:

- 20 a. at least thirty-five (35) years of age,
21 b. a United States citizen, and
22 c. a licensed attorney in good standing in this state
23 with ten (10) or more years of experience in:
24 (1) practicing complex civil business litigation,

- (2) practicing business transaction law,
- (3) serving as a judge or clerk of a court with civil jurisdiction, or
- (4) any combination of experience totaling ten (10) years as described by divisions 1 through 3 of this subparagraph.

B. 1. A business court judge shall serve a term of eight (8) years, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, beginning September 1, 2025, and may be reappointed. The first business court judge appointed to Business Court Division II shall serve a term of four (4) years beginning September 1, 2025, and may be reappointed. A business court judge shall take the constitutional oath of office required of appointed officers of this state and file the oath with the Secretary of State. A business court judge shall serve the full term to which he or she was appointed and shall continue to serve until a replacement is appointed and assumes office.

2. If a vacancy occurs in the office of a business court judge due to death, incapacity, resignation, or impeachment, the Governor shall appoint a person to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.

3. Upon request by a business court judge, the Chief Justice may appoint a district court judge to sit in designation temporarily as a business court judge to assist in caseload management. The designated district court judge shall have the same authority as the

1 business court judge in relation to the cases assigned to them
2 during such designation.

3 SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 91.7c of Title 20, unless there
5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 A. In an action where damages are requested under subsection B
7 or C of this section, the amount in controversy shall be at least
8 Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00).

9 B. When a business court division is created pursuant to
10 Section 91.7 of Title 20 of the Oklahoma Statutes, certain cases,
11 excluding arbitration cases, filed on or after January 1, 2026, may
12 be assigned to the business court docket. The business court shall
13 have the power to grant any relief that may be granted by a district
14 court and may exercise concurrent jurisdiction and the powers of a
15 court of equity, to the extent that such powers are exercised.
16 Notwithstanding the amount in controversy, where equitable relief is
17 requested in a business dispute, a business court may hear an
18 action:

19 1. Arising under the Uniform Arbitration Act, Section 1851 et
20 seq. of Title 12 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

21 2. Arising under the Uniform Commercial Code, Section 1-101 et
22 seq. of Title 12A of the Oklahoma Statutes;

23 3. Arising under the Oklahoma General Corporation Act, Section
24 1001 et seq. of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

- 1 4. Arising under the Oklahoma Limited Liability Company Act,
2 Section 2000 et seq. of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 3 5. Arising under the Oklahoma Revised Uniform Partnership Act,
4 Section 1-100 et seq. of Title 54 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 5 6. Arising under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2010,
6 Section 500-101A et seq. of Title 54 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 7 7. Arising under the Oklahoma Uniform Securities Act of 2004,
8 Section 1-101 et seq. of Title 71 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 9 8. Arising under the Uniform Trade Secrets Act, Section 85 et
10 seq. of Title 78 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 11 9. Shareholder and unitholder derivative actions;
- 12 10. That relates to the internal affairs of businesses
13 including, but not limited to, rights or obligations between or
14 among business participants regarding the liability or indemnity of
15 business participants, officers, directors, managers, trustees,
16 controlling shareholders or members, or partners;
- 17 11. Where the complaint includes a professional malpractice
18 claim arising out of a business dispute;
- 19 12. Involving tort claims between or among two or more business
20 entities or individuals as to their business or investment
21 activities relating to contracts, transactions, or relationships
22 between or among such entities or individuals;
- 23 13. For breach of contract, fraud, or misrepresentation between
24 businesses arising out of business transactions or relationships;

1 14. Arising from e-commerce agreements, technology licensing
2 agreements including, but not limited to, software and biotechnology
3 license agreements, or any other agreement involving the licensing
4 of any intellectual property right including, but not limited to, an
5 agreement relating to patent rights; and

6 15. Involving commercial real property.

7 C. A business court shall have jurisdiction to hear complex
8 cases. For purposes of this act, "complex case" means an action
9 that requires exceptional judicial management to avoid placing
10 unnecessary burdens on the court or the litigants, expedite the
11 case, keep costs reasonable, and promote effective decision-making
12 by the court, parties, and counsel. In deciding whether an action
13 is a complex case, the court shall consider factors including, but
14 not limited to, whether the action is likely to involve:

15 1. Numerous hearings, and pretrial and dispositive motions
16 raising difficult or novel legal issues that will be time-consuming
17 to resolve;

18 2. Management of a large number of witnesses or a substantial
19 amount of documentary evidence;

20 3. Management of a large number of separately represented
21 parties;

22 4. Multiple expert witnesses;
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1 5. Coordination with related actions pending in one or more
2 courts in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal
3 court;

4 6. Substantial post-judgment judicial supervision; or

5 7. Legal or technical issues of complexity.

6 D. An action is presumptively a complex case, subject to
7 rebuttal, if it involves one or more of the following types of
8 claims:

9 1. Antitrust or trade regulation claims;

10 2. Intellectual property matters including, but not limited to,
11 trade secrets, copyrights, and patents;

12 3. Securities claims or investment losses involving more than
13 two parties;

14 4. Environmental or toxic tort claims involving more than two
15 parties;

16 5. Ownership or control of business claims;

17 6. Insurance coverage claims;

18 7. Construction defect claims involving many parties or
19 structures;

20 8. Product liability claims; or

21 9. Mass tort claims.

22 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to include individual
23 consumer claims or transactions involving a retail customer of goods
24 or services who uses or intends to use such goods or services

1 primarily for personal, family, or household purposes; provided,
2 however, this paragraph shall not be construed to preclude the court
3 from exercising jurisdiction over mass actions or class actions
4 involving such individual consumer claims.

5 E. A business court shall have supplemental jurisdiction over
6 any other claim related to a case or controversy within the court's
7 jurisdiction that forms part of the same case or controversy. If a
8 party objects to the business court's supplemental jurisdiction over
9 other claims, the business court judge may remand those claims to
10 the district court.

11 F. A business court shall not have authority to exercise
12 jurisdiction over claims arising under federal or state law, as
13 applicable, involving:

14 1. The Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act, Section 751 et seq. of
15 Title 15 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

16 2. Against a governmental entity or political subdivision under
17 Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes or under The Governmental Tort
18 Claims Act, Section 151 et seq. of Title 51 of the Oklahoma
19 Statutes;

20 3. Guardianship matters under Title 30 of the Oklahoma
21 Statutes;

22 4. Probate matters under Title 58 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
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24

1 5. A deceptive trade practice as set forth in Section 53 of
2 Title 78 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to the extent such matter is not
3 a business dispute;

4 6. Residential landlord and tenant;

5 7. Personal injury and wrongful death;

6 8. Domestic relations;

7 9. Foreclosures;

8 10. Individual consumer claims or transactions involving a
9 retail customer of goods or services who uses or intends to use such
10 goods or services primarily for personal, family, or household
11 purposes; provided, however, this paragraph shall not be construed
12 to preclude the court from exercising jurisdiction over mass actions
13 or class actions involving such individual consumer claims;

14 11. Collections in matters involving a corporation or other
15 entity subject to the farming and ranching statutes of this state or
16 an individual farmer;

17 12. Cases that would generally be considered consumer
18 transactions or human relation matters; or

19 13. Matters involving royalty owners.

20 SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 91.7d of Title 20, unless there
22 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

23 A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no action shall
24 be eligible to be filed, transferred, or removed to a business court

1 division prior to January 1, 2026. Except as provided in subsection
2 F of Section 6 of this act, actions shall be brought before the
3 business court as follows:

4 1. An action within the subject matter jurisdiction of the
5 business court may be filed in the business court. An action that
6 arises in a county located within the jurisdiction of the United
7 States District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma shall be
8 filed in Business Court Division I; an action that arises in a
9 county located within the jurisdiction of the United States District
10 Court for the Northern District of Oklahoma or Eastern District of
11 Oklahoma shall be filed in Business Court Division II. Venue may be
12 established as provided by law or, if a written contract specifies a
13 county as venue for the action, as provided by the contract;

14 2. If the business court determines it does not have
15 jurisdiction over the action, the business court shall:

16 a. transfer the action to a district court in a county
17 with jurisdiction over the action, or

18 b. dismiss the action without prejudice to the rights of
19 the parties; and

20 3. If the business court determines that the venue is improper
21 as to the action, the business court shall transfer the action to
22 the court of proper venue, but the business court judge shall
23 continue to preside over the action.
24

1 B. 1. A district court in this state may transfer an action to
2 the business court division of proper venue if the district court
3 judge determines the business court has subject matter jurisdiction
4 over the action.

5 2. A party to an action filed in a district court that is
6 within the jurisdiction of the business court may remove the action
7 to the business court. If the business court does not have
8 jurisdiction of the action, the business court shall remand the
9 action to the court in which the action was originally filed.

10 C. A party may file an agreed notice of removal to the business
11 court at any time during the pendency of the action. If all parties
12 to the action have not agreed to remove the action, the notice of
13 removal shall be filed:

14 1. Not later than thirty (30) days after the date the party
15 requesting removal of the action discovered, or reasonably should
16 have discovered, facts establishing the business court's
17 jurisdiction over the action; provided, however, in no event shall a
18 party have less than the amount of time to respond to the action
19 than to remove to the business court; or

20 2. If an application for temporary injunction is pending on the
21 date the party requesting removal of the action discovered, or
22 reasonably should have discovered, facts establishing the business
23 court's jurisdiction over the action, not later than thirty (30)
24

1 days after the date the application is granted, denied, or denied as
2 a matter of law.

3 D. The notice of removal shall be filed with the business court
4 and the district court in which the action was originally filed. On
5 receipt of the notice, the clerk of the court in which the action
6 was originally filed shall immediately transfer the action to the
7 business court in accordance with the Oklahoma Pleading Code,
8 Section 2001 et seq. of Title 12 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and the
9 court clerk shall assign the action to the appropriate division of
10 the business court.

11 E. Unless otherwise provided in this section, all pleadings
12 shall be governed by the Oklahoma Pleading Code.

13 SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 91.7e of Title 20, unless there
15 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16 A. A jury trial may be reserved by a party if claimed within a
17 time period established by law. A jury trial conducted by the
18 business court judge shall be held in the county where the contract
19 stipulates as proper venue, where the action was originally filed,
20 if removed, or in any county of proper jurisdiction if originally
21 filed in a business court.

22 B. Non-jury trials in a business court shall be resolved within
23 twelve (12) months of the filing of the action. The twelve-month
24 disposition schedule may be extended if both parties agree to a

1 longer resolution period, or upon a finding by the business court of
2 extraordinary cause for such an extension, which shall be appealable
3 to the Supreme Court. An extension shall be memorialized in writing
4 by all parties and approved by the court.

5 SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 91.7f of Title 20, unless there
7 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

8 A. The Supreme Court shall provide for electronic filing of
9 documents in the business courts of this state and shall promulgate
10 rules for the filing of documents transmitted by electronic devices.

11 B. A fee of One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) shall
12 be charged and collected by the court clerk at the time of filing
13 any action in, or upon the filing of a motion for removal to, a
14 business court division established pursuant to Section 91.7 of
15 Title 20 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Fees shall be charged and
16 collected pursuant to the fee schedule established for district
17 courts.

18 SECTION 10. This act shall become effective September 1, 2025.
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